

[Click Here](#)





# 2006 international dt466 fault codes

Using EST Assessing Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs) NOTE: When opening VIN+ session to fill out form heading, the DTC window automatically appears. 1. Turn the ignition switch to ON. Page 1 DIAGNOSTIC/TROUBLESHOOTING MANUAL International DT 466, DT 570, and HT 570 DIESEL ENGINE EGES-270-1 Navistar, Inc. Printed in the United States of America Appendix D: Technical Service Information.....649 EGES-270-1 Read all safety instructions in the "Safety Information" section of this manual before doing any procedures. Follow all warnings, cautions, and notes. August 2008 Navistar, Inc. Page 4 DIAGNOSTIC/TROUBLESHOOTING MANUAL EGES-270-1 Read all safety instructions in the "Safety Information" section of this manual before doing any procedures. Follow all warnings, cautions, and notes. Navistar, Inc. To order technical service literature, contact your International dealer. EGES-270-1 Read all safety instructions in the "Safety Information" section of this manual before doing any procedures. Follow all warnings, cautions, and notes. August 2008 Navistar, Inc. Service Bulletins • Availability of current information for engine application and engine systems EGES-270-1 Read all safety instructions in the "Safety Information" section of this manual before doing any procedures. Follow all warnings, cautions, and notes. Navistar, Inc. Protect your eyes. • Do not wear rings, watches or other jewelry. EGES-270-1 Read all safety instructions in the "Safety Information" section of this manual before doing any procedures. Follow all warnings, cautions, and notes. August 2008 Navistar, Inc. Page 8 EGES-270-1 Read all safety instructions in the "Safety Information" section of this manual before doing any procedures. Follow all warnings, cautions, and notes. Navistar, Inc. Operation of Diamond Logic® Engine Brake in Braking Mode.....56 EGES-270-1 Read all safety instructions in the "Safety Information" section of this manual before doing any procedures. Follow all warnings, cautions, and notes. Navistar, Inc. U - United States 7 digit suffix - Engine serial number sequence beginning with 2 EGES-270-1 Read all safety instructions in the "Safety Information" section of this manual before doing any procedures. Follow all warnings, cautions, and notes. August 2008 Navistar, Inc. Page 12 Labels or identification plates include information and specifications helpful to vehicle operators and technicians. EGES-270-1 Read all safety instructions in the "Safety Information" section of this manual before doing any procedures. Follow all warnings, cautions, and notes. Navistar, Inc. Base rating shown. See Appendix A or B in this manual for additional ratings. EGES-270-1 Read all safety instructions in the "Safety Information" section of this manual before doing any procedures. Follow all warnings, cautions, and notes. August 2008 Navistar, Inc. Page 14 EGR control valve Valve cover Secondary air heater assembly Read safety instructions before starting procedures. Follow all warnings and cautions. The hydraulic power steering pump can be used with or without an air compressor. An additional benefit is lower emissions. 12. Flat idler pulley assembly Front cover (front half) Water pump/pulley 11. Power steering pump 17. High-pressure oil pump Lifting eye 12. Oil pan assembly Read safety instructions before starting procedures. Follow all warnings and cautions. Water supply housing (Freel 12. Coolant drain plug location) EGES-270-1 Read safety instructions before starting procedures. Follow all warnings and cautions. EGR cooler return tube Rear engine mount bracket Flywheel housing EGES-270-1 Read safety instructions before starting procedures. Follow all warnings and cautions. 11. Cylinder head 17. Exhaust Back Pressure (EBP) Takeoff manifold 12. Exhaust manifold sensor Read safety instructions before starting procedures. Follow all warnings and cautions. An additional benefit is lower emissions. When EBP demand decreases, the ECM decreases the duty cycle to the control module. Integrated Circuit (IC). The IC has three Hall effect position sensors to monitor valve Important safety information must be read and understood before performing any procedures with the EGES-270-1 system. This includes following all warnings, cautions, and notes provided in the "Safety Information" section of the manual. The system consists of various components, including the Injection Control Pressure (ICP) system, lubrication system, oil exhaust port, fuel injector, high-pressure oil hose, fuel inlet, IPR valve, spool valve, and more. These components work together to ensure proper engine operation, with safety precautions in place to prevent accidents or malfunctions. It is crucial to adhere to the recommended procedures and guidelines outlined in the manual to guarantee safe and effective use of the EGES-270-1 system. The following safety guidelines must be adhered to when performing certain procedures: read the "Safety Information" section of this manual carefully before starting any work. This includes following all warnings, cautions, and notes provided. The system consists of several components including an oil pan assembly, air compressor (if equipped), and EGR cooler return tube. Unfiltered oil flows through the header of the oil cooler under pressure. Connecting rod bearings are fed from main journals to rod through drilled passages in the crankshaft. The coolant system includes a water inlet to the front cover and assembly water pump, as well as connections to the radiator, heater port, and engine. A separate circuit supplies 5 volts to engine sensors, while another supplies 5 volts to vehicle sensors. The IDM (Idle Speed Control) uses information from the ECM to determine fuel injection timing and quantity. Important sensor readings include Crankshaft Position (CKP), Engine Coolant Level (ECL), Exhaust Back Pressure (EBP), and others listed on page 52 of this manual. These readings can be critical for engine performance and should be monitored regularly. • The EOT sensor is installed underwater for out-of-range readings. • Refer to the "Safety Information" section of this manual before performing procedures, adhering to warnings, cautions, and notes. • The sensor provides feedback to the ECM via a signal ground for closed loop control in the Variable Geometry. • Read all safety instructions in the "Safety Information" section of this manual before doing any procedures. Follow all warnings, cautions, and notes. • The APS is mounted on the accelerator pedal, while the ECM senses voltage when it's closed. • A grounding switch grounds the circuit when not in use. • High durability is one of three brake settings based on terrain and conditions. • The high-pressure oil rail uses injection control pressure system oil to open exhaust valves. • Read all safety instructions in the "Safety Information" section of this manual before doing any procedures. Follow all warnings, cautions, and notes. • A gallery-mounted brake shut-off valve is used for brake shut-off, while an operator input switch selects power level over low, medium, high settings. • The brake pressure relief valve in the high-pressure oil rail provides front engine support. • Refer to the "Safety Information" section of this manual before performing procedures, adhering to warnings, cautions, and notes. This manual emphasizes the importance of reading the safety information section before performing any procedures. It is crucial to follow all warnings, cautions, and notes provided to ensure safe operation. The standard CAP feature on trucks without an idle shutdown can be retrieved using the EST timer (IST). In addition, specific details regarding the EFP sensor in Section 7 and RSE in Section 7 are highlighted for reference. The manual also explains the engine's diagnostic capabilities during normal operation, which include automatically detecting faults through several tests. To utilize this feature, turn the ignition switch to "ON" without cranking the engine, allowing the system to perform its diagnostic functions. 1. Open Diagnostics menu bar. 2. Choose Key-On Engine-Off Tests from drop-down menu. 3. Read all safety instructions in "Safety Information" section of manual. Follow warnings, cautions, and notes in manual, especially EGES-270-1 edition. File window for D OutputStateTest.ssn or KOER Standard.ssn is needed. Clear Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP) to check Air Management System performance. Correct active problem causing DTCs by clearing DTCs. When finished with test, select Session from menu bar and then Close. Read all safety instructions in the "Safety Information" section of this manual before doing any procedures. Follow all warnings, cautions, and notes. Navigate to Auto Run feature and select 16 Injector Disable Tests from drop down Figure 92 KOER IDT 16 session menu. Automatic test initiates, so ensure engine is cool. Otherwise, proceed with caution. Record cut off value on Diagnostic Form. Note that this value corresponds to fuel rate, as shown on Page 93. If a suspect cylinder(s) is identified, perform Relative Compression test to distinguish between injector or mechanical issues. Compare test data with results from Injector Disable test. Injector Disable test may require replacement of suspect injector(s). Refer to Figure 102 for guidance. Select Parameter and Select Program as indicated in Figure 105. Proceed with caution when using Diagnostic Software. Upon completion, close session by releasing both Cruise buttons. Ensure Switches for CRUISE ON and RESUME/ACCEL are de-activated. Read all safety instructions in the "Safety Information" section of this manual before doing any procedures. Follow all warnings, cautions, and notes. Low Power (Turbocharger Assembly and Actuator), Engine Symptoms Diagnostics, and other sections require special caution. Follow all warnings, cautions, and notes. Test the cooling system after any repair to validate the fix. Make sure you read the "Safety Information" section first. Remove cap from deaeration tank and fill with coolant above the deaeration inlet line to tank. Use a Shrader valve or diagnostic coupling. Do not forget to follow safety instructions. Test EGR cooler without cross-over tube. Pressurize the EGR cooler and check for leaks. Make sure everything is safe before proceeding. Fill cooling system, test again for over-temperature condition. Be careful when working with EZ-Tech interface cable. If DTCs are still present after fixing coolant over-temp issue, correct them first. Remember to replace O-ring when installing the coolant drain plug. Always follow the manual's instructions and safety guidelines during procedures. Follow all warnings, cautions, and notes. This manual is for reference only and is not a substitute for proper training and experience. If you find a leak check the oil cooler and replace it. Before starting any procedure read safety information in this manual first. Check engine for fuel with dye if it is mechanically sound and has had oil changed recently. Use Fuel Pressure Test Adapter on an engine with Shrader valve. Clear oil from pressure gauge to avoid damage. Replace injectors at your own risk, contact International Technical Services to start a case file. Check Engine Oil Pressure using Electronic Service Tool (EST). Shut off valve before doing any procedure and refer to "Oil and Crankcase Inspection" on page 129. Inspect front cover and gasket for damage and repair or replace as needed. Before performing any procedures, refer to the "Safety Information" section of this manual for important warnings and precautions. The primary purpose of this diagnostic test is to identify potential causes of hard starting or no-start conditions in vehicles equipped with certain engine systems. When troubleshooting, it's essential to check for any intake air heater operation issues, poor fuel quality, and ensure that the linkage is secure. Conduct at least three pre-cycle checks with a minimum of three seconds between each test. Additionally, consider factors such as relay operation, brake system performance (ABS self-check), turbochargers pre-cycle, and actuator power ground circuit integrity. Document specific details, including rpm and oil pressure readings, on Diagnostic Form EGED-290-1, which can be ordered through your International dealer. Read all safety instructions in the "Safety Information" section of this manual before doing any procedures. Follow all warnings, cautions, and notes. Navistar, Inc., August 2008. 1. Enter complaint information in the form • Technician EGES-270-1. 2. Select Engine Diagnostics, then International Figure 171 EZ-Tech interface cable MasterDiagnosits II. 3. Turn ignition switch to ON. Open VIN+ session. Refer to Transmission: Manual/Auto - Ambient temperature and Coolant temperature, DTC window, Diagnostic Form, and Operational Voltage tables in Section 7 for applicable sensor. 4. Correct problem causing active DTCs. Clear DTCs. Possible Causes include failed electrical components or circuitry. 5. Later calibrations and current hardware levels do not support DTC 251. Faulty wiring includes IDM main power relay, injector wiring harness and/or sensor or shorted. Batteries must be fully charged before proceeding. Blown inline fuse in battery box supplies voltage to the ECM. Please read the entire "Safety Information" section before proceeding with any procedures. Follow all warnings, cautions, and notes to ensure your safety. Connect the VC Gasket Breakout Harness to the pass-through connector and engine harness. Then, connect the wiring harness connectors to the breakout box headers X1, X2, X3, and X4. Next, establish connections for ECM PWR and monitor KOEO readings on a Diagnostic Form. If issues arise during testing, refer to troubleshooting guides. Check for blockages in air induction systems, and ensure proper engine oil levels. Before performing any procedures, always read the safety information and follow the provided warnings, cautions, and notes. It is essential to ensure a safe working environment and avoid potential hazards. The Catalyzed Diesel Particulate Filter (CDPF) must be checked if equipped. Additionally, perform Voltage Measurement at the ECM with a Breakout Box after Diagnostic Form tests are complete. If the voltage reading exceeds 7V, proceed with Hard Start and No Start Diagnostic tests. If an issue is detected, check the IDM connector for proper voltage levels. In some cases, high-resistance or open power feed circuits to the IDM or IDM main power relay may be present, which must be addressed. Ensure that batteries are fully charged before commencing any steps. Warranty does not cover fuel test line cost. Read safety instructions in "Safety Information" section of this manual before doing procedures. Follow all warnings, cautions, and notes. Disconnect fuel line from filter housing to tank. Spare VT 365 ICP sensor. Connect Actuator Breakout Harness to IPR. Do not connect engine harness. Oil will spill from hose; position high-pressure oil hose to prevent spilling. Apply B+ volts and ground to IPR valve. Use inline shut-off valve to control and contain bleed-off pressure mixture. ICP sensor has O-ring for high-pressure oil rail. IPR valve is not energized if using power distribution terminal. The air leak should be stopped. Important safety information: read the "Safety Information" section of this manual before performing any procedures, and follow all warnings, cautions, and notes. A standard test does not need to be run again. To proceed, select Diagnostics from the menu bar. If the element has continuity, verify the previous Inlet Air Heated test. The diagnostic process involves selecting Diagnostics from the menu bar and then choosing Key-On Engine-Off Tests from the drop-down menu. A failed element, ECM (Engine Control Module), or ECM not programmed (inlet air heater) could be the cause of a problem. For performance diagnostics, refer to page 206. Diagnostic Form Information is available on page 210, and can be found in 50-sheet pads. To obtain technical service literature, contact your International dealer. To complete the diagnostic form, enter the technician's name and date (for warranty purposes) in the form heading. Follow instructions carefully, including warnings and cautions. Safety information is available in the "Safety Information" section of this manual. Before proceeding with procedures, ensure you have read and understood all necessary safety precautions. Always follow the guidelines outlined in this manual to avoid injury or damage. Follow all warnings, cautions, and notes as stated in this manual before proceeding with any procedures. It is recommended to read the "Safety Information" section thoroughly. EGES-270-1 Safety Procedures Before starting, read all safety instructions in the "Safety Information" section of this manual and follow all warnings, cautions, and notes. Steps to perform engine diagnostics: 1. Run Standard Test from KOER Diagnostics Menu and select Run to initiate testing. 2. Monitor ICP readings while running engine at low idle, then record on Diagnostic Form. 3. Check "Checks" in Section 7 for local regulations regarding engine fluid disposal. 4. Consult ICP sensor and ECM commands to reduce injection control pressure. 5. Disconnect engine harness connector valve cover gasket for ICP sensor, following steps 3-10. 6. Monitor BCP using VC Gasket Breakout Harness. 7. Test ICP according to Engine Service Manual procedures and retest again. 8. Check BCP sensor signal or engine brake problem, distinguishing between injector or mechanical issues with Injector Disable Test 11. 9. Refer to 16 Injector Disable Test Results (Auto Run - Text View) Figure 317 for test results. Always follow safety guidelines and consult manual instructions before proceeding with any procedures. Before performing any testing, it's essential to follow the safety guidelines outlined in the manual's "Safety Information" section. This includes being aware of potential hazards and taking necessary precautions. When conducting injector disable tests, it's crucial to ensure that the piston is at the top dead center (TDC) position. As the piston passes TDC, compression resistance decreases, and crankshaft speed increases. If test results are consistent with previous results, it indicates a failed current test, and the prior results were displayed instead. Possible causes for incorrect valve lash adjustment or broken compression rings should be investigated. To access diagnostic functions, select "Diagnostics" from the menu bar and then choose "Key-On Engine-Running Tests" from the drop-down menu. Record any trouble codes on a Diagnostic Form using Appendix C (page 543) as a reference for decoding DTCs. During tests, make sure all hoses are secure and not leaking, and wait two minutes between consecutive tests if necessary. Pressure specifications can be found in Appendix B (page 619), and if the pressure is below spec, repair or replace the air compressor accordingly. \*\*Warning: Precautions Before Proceeding\*\* Important Safety Information: Before starting any procedures, always read the "Safety Information" section of this manual and follow all warnings, cautions, and notes. The information provided in this document for reference purposes only. If you are unsure about performing a procedure, please consult a qualified mechanic or refer to the Engine Service Manual for additional guidance. \*\*Recommended Procedures:\*\* 1. \*\*Fuel Pressure Test:\*\* Use the Fuel Pressure Test Adapter (Figure 342) and follow the instructions in Figure 339. 2. \*\*Boost Pres (MAP) and Engine Brake Components:\*\* Use the Inject Ctrl Pres (ICP) system test adapter (Figure 345) and follow the instructions in Figure 342. 3. \*\*ICP Sensor Testing:\*\* Follow the procedures outlined in Section 7 "Operational Alarms Checks" or Appendix B "Performance Specifications". \*\*Additional Reminders:\*\* Always wear protective gear, including gloves and safety glasses, when working with fuel systems. \* Ensure proper ventilation when working with fuels and lubricants. \* Follow all warning labels and cautions on equipment and tools. Read all safety information before performing procedures. Always follow warnings, cautions, and notes. This manual is dated August 2008 by Navistar, Inc. Before starting, consult "Safety Information" section. Pay attention to warnings, cautions, and notes. 6 at TDC compression, refer to steps 4, 5, and 6. Also check page 277 for valve lash adjustments with piston 6. At TDC compression, recheck for light drag on feeler gauge. If drag is too tight or loose, repeat steps 4 and 5. Consult page 362 for worn actuator in Diamond Logic engine brake and check the position of the valve bridge and brake actuator. Refer to "Performance Diagnostics" section for diagnostic procedures. Make sure to read all safety guidelines first before attempting any processes by checking out the "Safety Information" part of this guide. Keep in mind the warnings, precautions, and important notes when you're working with sensitive equipment. Navistar, Inc., 2008. The sensor positions for Camshaft Position (CMP) and Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) are shown on Figure 364 - Front View. Also, not the location of the Engine Fuel Pressure (EFP) sensor on page 290 in Section 1, and the Exhaust Back Pressure (EBP) sensor on page 291 in Figure 366 - Right View. As mentioned in EGES-270-1, always follow the safety guidelines before doing anything. Check if there's any active DTC left after verifying test conditions; if yes, replace the corresponding sensor. The resistance value for a specific circuit should measure around 5 ohms, as specified in Circuit Diagnostics within this section. The Engine Oil Temperature (EOT) sensor and Performance Diagnostics form can be found on page 299. VGT power and ground circuits are checked using pin-point diagnostics, as described in the "VGT Actuator" section (page 524). Additionally, read all safety instructions in the "Safety Information" section before performing any procedures. Follow all warnings, cautions, and notes. The EBP sensor bias is low, requiring a check of the sensor signal voltage, as outlined in the "EBP Sensor" section (page 359). The VGT power or ground circuits are also checked using pin-point diagnostics, with reference to the "VGT Actuator" section (page 524). As before, read all safety instructions and follow all warnings, cautions, and notes. The ECM acts as a redundant signal to verify the pedal idle position. Fuel injector issues are addressed in the EGES-270-1 manual. The APS/IVS assembly ignition switch is checked when the ignition switch is on, but not functioning. When DTC 134 is active, the amber ENGINE lamp is illuminated. The diagram manual for circuit numbers, connector, and fuse locations is provided (page 307). Monitor the APS signal voltage to verify an active DTC for the APS/IVS circuit. The ECM and IDM are checked, with reference to the truck Chassis Electrical Circuit Diagram Manual for complete chassis side information (pages 309 and 311). If the resistance measurement is less than 1 kΩ with the fuse removed, a short to ground within the wiring harness should be checked. All warning and caution messages. Page 312: APS and IVS disagree - check ECM; idle validation switch circuit fault. Follow safety instructions before programming or checking engine features. Page 315: Disconnect WTEC controller to program ECM; check for open circuit if resistance > 5 Ω. Page 317: ATA Diagnostic Trouble Codes: error in data communication link, wiring, or connector. ENGINE lamp (amber) indicates engine issues. Page 321: DTC 152: signal voltage < 1.0 V or > 0.5 second; check ECM and EOT sensor analog voltage indicating pressure. Page 323: During brake operation, ECM recognizes BCP signal > desired level, triggering lamp. Check ECM settings and signals. • Following Safety Instructions is Important Before Performing Any Procedures. Read All Safety Information in the Manual and Take Necessary Precautions. Monitoring BCP Signal Voltage is Crucial for Successful Diagnostics. The VC Gasket Breakout Harness Should Be Connected to Engine at Suspected Problem Locations. A Breakout Box Can Be Used to Measure Resistance Values in EGES-270-1. Read All Safety Instructions and Take Precautions Before Proceeding Manual. Refer to the Truck Chassis Electrical Circuit Diagram Manual for Complete Information on ECM and IDM Ground Circuits. Check for Open or Short Circuits in the Harness Using a Multimeter According to the Recommended Resistance Values. • DTC 547 Indicates Brake Control Pressure Was Exceeded at Engine Cranking Speed. DTC 547 Indicates Brake Control Pressure Exceeds 653 psi for More Than 3 Seconds Navistar recommends reading all safety instructions in the "Safety Information" section before performing any procedures. Follow warnings, cautions, and notes provided in this manual. The brake shut-off valve may be faulty due to high brake gallery pressure, causing excessive oil drain back to the sump. When brake gallery pressure reaches 1000 psi, the brake pressure relief valve opens, and the amber ENGINE valve solenoid lamp is illuminated. To diagnose the issue, check the brake shut-off valve circuit diagram and perform harness resistance checks. If the resistance reading is below 0.25 V, suspect a faulty valve cover gasket, UVC wiring, or brake shut-off valve. Disconnect the ECM from the breakout box and replace the ECM if the reading is below B+. Conduct further checks for short circuits to ground using an ohmmeter. Refer to the truck Chassis Electrical Circuit Diagram Manual for complete chassis side ECM and IDM ground circuit information. Before performing any procedures, carefully review the safety guidelines outlined in the manual's "Safety Information" section. It is essential to follow all warnings, cautions, and notes provided to ensure a safe working environment. According to the manufacturer Navistar, Inc., it is crucial to follow the chassis side ECM and IDM ground circuit details. When troubleshooting issues related to the drivetrain datalink or instrument panel, a digital multimeter can be used to measure CAN communication parameters. However, it is essential to note that incorrect measurements may indicate short circuits between CAN+ and CAN- wires, which should be addressed promptly. The Breakout Box is also an essential tool for accessing various sensor signals, including the CKP signal, which is critical for engine timing and rpm calculations. Before performing any procedures, read and follow all safety instructions outlined in the "Safety Information" section of the manual. Also, heed all warnings, cautions, and notes. The amber and red ENGINE lamp may flash if a problem is detected by the Digital Multimeter (DMM). To troubleshoot, refer to the relevant sections of the manual for specific guidance. A faulty Engine Brake Pressure (EBP) sensor can cause issues, so ensure it's functioning correctly. If you encounter any trouble codes (DTCs), use the EST to clear them and check the test conditions again. If a code remains active after re-checking, replace the EBP sensor accordingly. The Electronic Control Module (ECM) controls various systems, including the Variable Geometry Turbocharger (VGT) and Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR). Be aware that certain codes, like DTC 541, may trigger specific warning lights or system malfunctions. For detailed information on troubleshooting and repair, consult the relevant sections of the manual. Before starting any procedures, carefully read and follow all warnings, cautions, and notes in the "Safety Information" section of this manual. Ensure the engine is off or running with the chassis side ECM and IDM ground circuit information. Before performing any procedures, carefully review the safety guidelines outlined in the manual's "Safety Information" section. It is essential to follow all warnings, cautions, and notes provided to ensure a safe working environment. According to the manufacturer Navistar, Inc., it is crucial to follow the chassis side ECM and IDM ground circuit details. When troubleshooting issues related to the drivetrain datalink or instrument panel, a digital multimeter can be used to measure CAN communication parameters. However, it is essential to note that incorrect measurements may indicate short circuits between CAN+ and CAN- wires, which should be addressed promptly. The Breakout Box is also an essential tool for accessing various sensor signals, including the CKP signal, which is critical for engine timing and rpm calculations. Before performing any procedures, read and follow all safety instructions outlined in the "Safety Information" section of the manual. Also, heed all warnings, cautions, and notes. The amber and red ENGINE lamp may flash if a problem is detected by the Digital Multimeter (DMM). To troubleshoot, refer to the relevant sections of the manual for specific guidance. A faulty Engine Brake Pressure (EBP) sensor can cause issues, so ensure it's functioning correctly. If you encounter any trouble codes (DTCs), use the EST to clear them and check the test conditions again. If a code remains active after re-checking, replace the EBP sensor accordingly. The Electronic Control Module (ECM) controls various systems, including the Variable Geometry Turbocharger (VGT) and Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR). Be aware that certain codes, like DTC 541, may trigger specific warning lights or system malfunctions. For detailed information on troubleshooting and repair, consult the relevant sections of the manual. Before starting any procedures, carefully read and follow all warnings, cautions, and notes in the "Safety Information" section of this manual. Ensure the engine is off or running with the chassis side ECM and IDM ground circuit information. Before performing any procedures, carefully review the safety guidelines outlined in the manual's "Safety Information" section. It is essential to follow all warnings, cautions, and notes provided to ensure a safe working environment. According to the manufacturer Navistar, Inc., it is crucial to follow the chassis side ECM and IDM ground circuit details. When troubleshooting issues related to the drivetrain datalink or instrument panel, a digital multimeter can be used to measure CAN communication parameters. However, it is essential to note that incorrect measurements may indicate short circuits between CAN+ and CAN- wires, which should be addressed promptly. The Breakout Box is also an essential tool for accessing various sensor signals, including the CKP signal, which is critical for engine timing and rpm calculations. Before performing any procedures, read and follow all safety instructions outlined in the "Safety Information" section of the manual. Also, heed all warnings, cautions, and notes. The amber and red ENGINE lamp may flash if a problem is detected by the Digital Multimeter (DMM). To troubleshoot, refer to the relevant sections of the manual for specific guidance. A faulty Engine Brake Pressure (EBP) sensor can cause issues, so ensure it's functioning correctly. If you encounter any trouble codes (DTCs), use the EST to clear them and check the test conditions again. If a code remains active after re-checking, replace the EBP sensor accordingly. The Electronic Control Module (ECM) controls various systems, including the Variable Geometry Turbocharger (VGT) and Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR). Be aware that certain codes, like DTC 541, may trigger specific warning lights or system malfunctions. For detailed information on troubleshooting and repair, consult the relevant sections of the manual. Before starting any procedures, carefully read and follow all warnings, cautions, and notes in the "Safety Information" section of this manual. Ensure the engine is off or running with the chassis side ECM and IDM ground circuit information. Before performing any procedures, carefully review the safety guidelines outlined in the manual's "Safety Information" section. It is essential to follow all warnings, cautions, and notes provided to ensure a safe working environment. According to the manufacturer Navistar, Inc., it is crucial to follow the chassis side ECM and IDM ground circuit details. When troubleshooting issues related to the drivetrain datalink or instrument panel, a digital multimeter can be used to measure CAN communication parameters. However, it is essential to note that incorrect measurements may indicate short circuits between CAN+ and CAN- wires, which should be addressed promptly. The Breakout Box is also an essential tool for accessing various sensor signals, including the CKP signal, which is critical for engine timing and rpm calculations. Before performing any procedures, read and follow all safety instructions outlined in the "Safety Information" section of the manual. Also, heed all warnings, cautions, and notes. The amber and red ENGINE lamp may flash if a problem is detected by the Digital Multimeter (DMM). To troubleshoot, refer to the relevant sections of the manual for specific guidance. A faulty Engine Brake Pressure (EBP) sensor can cause issues, so ensure it's functioning correctly. If you encounter any trouble codes (DTCs), use the EST to clear them and check the test conditions again. If a code remains active after re-checking, replace the EBP sensor accordingly. The Electronic Control Module (ECM) controls various systems, including the Variable Geometry Turbocharger (VGT) and Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR). Be aware that certain codes, like DTC 541, may trigger specific warning lights or system malfunctions. For detailed information on troubleshooting and repair, consult the relevant sections of the manual. Before starting any procedures, carefully read and follow all warnings, cautions, and notes in the "Safety Information" section of this manual. Ensure the engine is off or running with the chassis side ECM and IDM ground circuit information. Before performing any procedures, carefully review the safety guidelines outlined in the manual's "Safety Information" section. It is essential to follow all warnings, cautions, and notes provided to ensure a safe working environment. According to the manufacturer Navistar, Inc., it is crucial to follow the chassis side ECM and IDM ground circuit details. When troubleshooting issues related to the drivetrain datalink or instrument panel, a digital multimeter can be used to measure CAN communication parameters. However, it is essential to note that incorrect measurements may indicate short circuits between CAN+ and CAN- wires, which should be addressed promptly. The Breakout Box is also an essential tool for accessing various sensor signals, including the CKP signal, which is critical for engine timing and rpm calculations. Before performing any procedures, read and follow all safety instructions outlined in the "Safety Information" section of the manual. Also, heed all warnings, cautions, and notes. The amber and red ENGINE lamp may flash if a problem is detected by the Digital Multimeter (DMM). To troubleshoot, refer to the relevant sections of the manual for specific guidance. A faulty Engine Brake Pressure (EBP) sensor can cause issues, so ensure it's functioning correctly. If you encounter any trouble codes (DTCs), use the EST to clear them and check the test conditions again. If a code remains active after re-checking, replace the EBP sensor accordingly. The Electronic Control Module (ECM) controls various systems, including the Variable Geometry Turbocharger (VGT) and Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR). Be aware that certain codes, like DTC 541, may trigger specific warning lights or system malfunctions. For detailed information on troubleshooting and repair, consult the relevant sections of the manual. Before starting any procedures, carefully read and follow all warnings, cautions, and notes in the "Safety Information" section of this manual. Ensure the engine is off or running with the chassis side ECM and IDM ground circuit information. Before performing any procedures, carefully review the safety guidelines outlined in the manual's "Safety Information" section. It is essential to follow all warnings, cautions, and notes provided to ensure a safe working environment. According to the manufacturer Navistar, Inc., it is crucial to follow the chassis side ECM and IDM ground circuit details. When troubleshooting issues related to the drivetrain datalink or instrument panel, a digital multimeter can be used to measure CAN communication parameters. However, it is essential to note that incorrect measurements may indicate short circuits between CAN+ and CAN- wires, which should be addressed promptly. The Breakout Box is also an essential tool for accessing various sensor signals, including the CKP signal, which is critical for engine timing and rpm calculations. Before performing any procedures, read and follow all safety instructions outlined in the "Safety Information" section of the manual. Also, heed all warnings, cautions, and notes. The amber and red ENGINE lamp may flash if a problem is detected by the Digital Multimeter (DMM). To troubleshoot, refer to the relevant sections of the manual for specific guidance. A faulty Engine Brake Pressure (EBP) sensor can cause issues, so ensure it's functioning correctly. If you encounter any trouble codes (DTCs), use the EST to clear them and check the test conditions again. If a code remains active after re-checking, replace the EBP sensor accordingly. The Electronic Control Module (ECM) controls various systems, including the Variable Geometry Turbocharger (VGT) and Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR). Be aware that certain codes, like DTC 541, may trigger specific warning lights or system malfunctions. For detailed information on troubleshooting and repair, consult the relevant sections of the manual. Before starting any procedures, carefully read and follow all warnings, cautions, and notes